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Chemistry Part II Test Review

1. List the five signs of a chemical change/reaction:
a. Please $\qquad$ Precipitate -
b. Excuse $\qquad$
c. Coughs $\qquad$
d. Sneezes $\qquad$
e. Burps $\qquad$ Bubble-Gas
What is a precipitate? $\qquad$ two liquids Reacts ह' form
2. Circle the chemical reactions.

Cutting the grass dissolving a tablet in water (that creates bubbles)
boiling water
Baking a cake
burning sugar
mixing Kool-Aid
tearing paper
scraping rust off of a bike
3. What does the Law of Conservation of Mass (Matter) say? MaHleR Can not
$\qquad$
4.

$$
127+33=160 \quad \begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{~S} \\
127 \mathrm{~g}
\end{array}+\underset{33 \mathrm{~g}}{\mathrm{O}_{2}} \rightarrow \underset{? \mathrm{~g}}{2 \mathrm{Cu}}+\underset{84 \mathrm{~g}}{\mathrm{SO}_{2}} \quad 160-84=76
$$

Using the reaction above - According to the Law of Conservation of Mass, what is the mass of Cu?

$$
76 \mathrm{~g}
$$

5. What information is found in a chemical formula? $\qquad$ Reactant, Yield, Product
$\qquad$ coefficient, Symbols, Molecules
Count the atoms in each of the following formulas:
6. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CrO}_{4}$
$\qquad$


Total molecules
Total atoms


Page 1
7. $3 \mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$


9. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$


Page 2
13. What is the arrow sign called in a chemical equation? Yield
14. What does it mean?. Chem Reaction has occured
15. What are the substances on the left of the arrow in a chemical equation called? ReactAnt
16. What are the substances on the right of the arrow in a chemical equation called? yeld

All: answer the following questions about each reaction
OL: Circle the following equations that follow the Law of Conservation of Matter/Mass. (balanced)
HONORS: If a reaction is not balanced, write the correct balanced equation. If it is not possible, write "not possible".
17. What is a balanced equation? What does balanced mean in this case?
18. $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{AgNO}_{3} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{AgCl}+\mathrm{Ca}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
BALANCED
on the product side
a. How many reactants are there in the equation above?
$19.2 \mathrm{KClO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{KCl}+3 \mathrm{O}_{2}$
LINBALANCED
20. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{CO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$

BALANCE
21. $\mathrm{H}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$

UNBALANCED
a. How many COMPOUNDS are in the equation above? $\qquad$ 3
22. $\mathrm{Zn}+\mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{ZnCl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2}$ $\square$
$23.6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+\underset{6}{6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$ $\square$
a. How many atoms of Oxygen are on the reactants side of the equation? $\qquad$ 18
b. How many atoms of Oxygen are on the products side of the equation? $\qquad$ 8
24. $\mathrm{Na}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
UNBALANCED
25.2 $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$
$26.2 \mathrm{NaNO}_{3} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{NaNO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$
$\square$
28. $2 \mathrm{P}+3 \mathrm{I}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{PI}_{3}$
a. How many elements are there in the equation above? $\qquad$
29. $2 \mathrm{AI}+2 \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{H}_{2}+2 \mathrm{AIPO}_{4}$
a. How many molecules in the reactants of the equation above?
b. How many molecules in the products of the equation above?


## Chemistry Part I Test Review

30. What are the three subatomic particles? Protons Neutrons Electrons
31. How do you find the number of protons in an atom? Atomic \#
32. How do you find the number of electrons in an atom? SAme As ElectRON
33. How do you find the number of neutrons in an atom? $\qquad$
34. Complete the following table about the three subatomic particles.

| Name | Charge | Location in atom | Mass of particle | Symbol in models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Proton | Positive | Nucleus | 7 AmU | + |
| Electrons | negative | Cloud | less than | - |
| Neutrons | Neutral | Nucleus | 7 AMU | $n^{\circ}$ |

35. Which subatomic particles are the heaviest? $\qquad$ NEUTRON
36. Which one is the lightest? $\qquad$
37. Which subatomic particle determines the identity of an atom?
PROTONS
38. Which subatomic particles contribute mass to an element? $P \quad \in \quad N$
39. The majority of the mass of an atom is found in its Neuclells
40. Does altering the number of electrons change the element? $\qquad$
41. Does altering the number of protons change the element? $\qquad$
Define the following terms:
42. Element: $\qquad$
43. Compound: $\qquad$
44. Mixture: $\qquad$
45. Rows on the Periodic Table are called: and run $\qquad$
46. Columns on the Periodic Table are called $\qquad$ and run $\qquad$
47. Where are the metals located on the Periodic Table? $\qquad$
